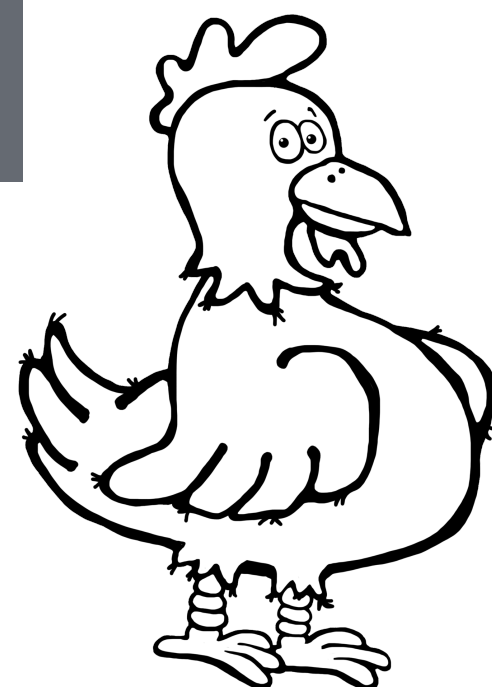


The Life Cycle of a Chicken

Chickens are the most common bird on earth. It is estimated	11
that there are approximately seven chickens to each person in	21
the world. Do you know about the life cycle of a chicken?	33
A chicken begins its life as an egg which are laid by female	46
chickens, called hens. Hens start to lay eggs when they are	57
about six months old. Hens lay one egg each day, until there are	70
about twelve eggs in her nest. Then the hen begins to sit on the	84
eggs to incubate them. Inside the eggs, the baby chicks begin	95
to develop for the next 21 days. During this time, the baby	107
chicks growing inside the egg get their nutrition from materials	117
inside the egg. When the eggs are ready to hatch, the chick	129
inside uses its egg tooth, which is a small bump on the end of its	144
beak, to peck its way out of the egg. The chicks are grown	157
adults after a few weeks. Once they are six months old, the	169
females can begin to lay eggs and the entire process starts	180
again. Chickens usually live for 5-10 years.	187

	1st	2nd	3rd
WRR			
Errors			



Prefix & Suffix of the Week

ex-

1. What is the meaning of the prefix? _____

2. Use the prefix in a sentence.

Homophone of the Week

by, bye, & buy

Use the homophones in a sentence.

3. by- _____

4. buy- _____

5. bye- _____

WEEKLY READING

Monday: Draw a T-chart on your paper labeled “Facts from the Story” on one side and “My Thoughts” on the other side. Reread the story, and write at least three statements on each side of your T-chart.

Tuesday: Reread the passage. Write the main idea of the text and at least three details about the main idea.

Wednesday: Answer the questions about the text. Use evidence from the text to support your thinking.

WEEKLY READING

Monday:

Tuesday:

SEA TURTLES

Name: _____ Date: _____

1. What is the meaning of *extinct* as used in paragraph 3?

2. What is the main idea of paragraph 4?

3. What relationship is shown in these two sentences?

Some have soft shells, and some have hard shells. Some look prettier than others, too.

- a. Cause and Effect
- b. Compare and Contrast
- c. Sequence
- d. Problem and Solution

4. What are two ways that sea turtles are being hurt or killed?

SEA TURTLES

Name: _____ Date: _____

There are many kinds of turtles out there. Some have soft shells, and some have hard shells. Some look prettier than others, too. There are even sea turtles. There are actually seven different species of sea turtles. Six of the species live in U.S. waters. The other species lives only in Australia.

Sea turtles, just like other species of turtles, are air-breathers. However, these unique turtles have flippers for feet. They also have streamlined bodies that make it easy for them to swim around in the water. They need the flippers because they live most of their lives in the ocean. Adult female sea turtles do return back to beaches from time to time to lay their eggs.

All marine turtles are endangered. This means that they are at risk of becoming extinct. If they become extinct, we'll never see them again. They are dying out for many reasons. Turtles get caught in fishermen's nets and get accidentally hooked by fishermen who are fishing for fish. There are also animals that eat their eggs and their babies.

The biggest threat to these turtles, however, is us. The tourist trade has stolen the nesting beaches. This makes it hard for the sea turtles to find safe places to lay their eggs. The loud noises of people chase them off. When they do nest on these beaches, their nests are often damaged by the tourists. People also kill them to use their shells for souvenirs for tourists! Turtle shell combs and ashtrays are popular.

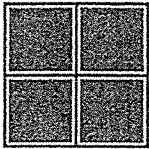
When allowed to live their lives normally, female sea turtles will lay up to 150 eggs each. In two months, baby turtles emerge from these eggs and head directly to the sea. There, they grow up, make their own babies, and repeat the process. If left alone or protected, sea turtles will be able to multiply and repopulate.

HW
Mon

Fractions Equal to 1

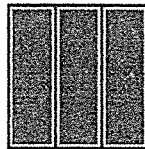
Name _____ Date _____

When the numerator and denominator are the same, the fraction is equal to one whole.



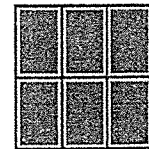
4 equal parts
4 parts shaded

$$\frac{4}{4} = 1$$



3 equal parts
3 parts shaded

$$\frac{3}{3} = 1$$



6 equal parts
6 parts shaded

$$\frac{6}{6} = 1$$

Circle each fraction that equals 1.

$\frac{2}{2}$

$\frac{5}{6}$

$\frac{8}{8}$

$\frac{1}{3}$

$\frac{2}{4}$

$\frac{4}{4}$

$\frac{3}{3}$

$\frac{3}{6}$

Draw a picture or numberline for each fraction.

1 $\frac{2}{2}$	2 $\frac{3}{3}$	3 $\frac{4}{4}$
4 $\frac{5}{5}$	5 $\frac{6}{6}$	6 $\frac{8}{8}$

Name: _____

Tues/
WedS
HW

Draw a picture of each fraction. Write $>$, $<$, or $=$ to compare each pair of fractions.

1. $\frac{2}{2} \bigcirc \frac{2}{3}$

2. $\frac{1}{6} \bigcirc \frac{1}{3}$

3. $\frac{4}{8} \bigcirc \frac{4}{4}$

4. $\frac{1}{3} \bigcirc \frac{1}{2}$

5. $\frac{3}{6} \bigcirc \frac{3}{8}$

6. $\frac{5}{6} \bigcirc \frac{5}{8}$

7. Each pair of fractions above has the same numerator.

Complete this statement: If the numerators are the same, the fraction with the smaller denominator is _____.

105

Draw a picture of each fraction. Write $>$, $<$, or $=$ to compare each pair of fractions.

1. $\frac{1}{3} \bigcirc \frac{3}{3}$

2. $\frac{1}{4} \bigcirc \frac{3}{4}$

3. $\frac{4}{6} \bigcirc \frac{1}{6}$

4. $\frac{1}{2} \bigcirc \frac{2}{2}$

5. $\frac{7}{8} \bigcirc \frac{5}{8}$

6. $\frac{2}{4} \bigcirc \frac{1}{4}$

7. Each pair of fractions above has the same denominator.

Complete this statement: If the denominators are the same, the fraction with the smaller numerator is _____.